

Available online at www.buuconference.buu.ac.thhttp://www.sciencedirect.com/

The 6th Burapha University International Conference 2017

"Creativity, Innovation, and Smart Culture for the Better Society"

OTP-039-6

BUU 2017

Abstra

extrac

0.23

Keyw

The substratyrosing respect methat IC₅₀ v

Antibacterial and antioxidant effects of seven Zingiberaceae plants against acne causing bacteria

Nalin Wongkattiy ^{a*}, Ian Fraser^b, Kewalee Aueapracha^a Phanchana Sanguansermsri^c, Donruedee Sanguansermsri^d

^o Program in Biotechnology, Faculty of Science, Maejo University, Chiang Mai 50290, Thailand ^o School of Chemistry, Monash University, Clayton, Victoria, 3800 Australia ^o Department of Biochenistry, Faculty of Medical Science, Naresuan University, Phitsamiloke 65000, Thailand ^o Department of Microbiology and Parasitology, Faculty of Medical Science, Naresuan University, Phitsamiloke 65000, Thailand

Abstract

Propionibacterium acnes and Staphylococcus epidermidis are the major causes of acne. This work conducted to evaluate antibacterial activity of ethanol extracts from roots of seven Zingiberaceae against acne-caused bacteria. Ethanol extracts of the Zingiberaceae were tested for antibacterial activity by agar disc diffusion methods broth microdilution method. The antioxidant activities were tested by 2,2-diphenyl-1-picylhydrazyl (DPPH) and 2,2-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzothiazolhia-6-sulphonic acid (ABTS) radical scavenging assay. Using agar disc diffusion assays, and of the Zingiberaceae ethanol extracts had an inhibitory effect against P. acnes and S. epidermidis. Among those, gager galangal, plai and krachai had strong inhibitory effects. Ginger, galangal, plai and krachai also showed good antioxidant activity. Taken together, Zingiberaceae extracts have the potential for an alternative acne treatment.

© 2017 Published by Burapha University.

Keywords: Zingiberaceae; antibacterial activity; antioxidant activity; acne